

SAFETY DATA SHEET

0051

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

1.1 Product identifier

Product name OXYGEN, COMPRESSED (NZ)

Synonym(s) 0051 - SDS NUMBER • BOC OXYGEN, COMPRESSED • COMPRESSED OXYGEN • OXYGEN COMPRESSED • PRODUCT CODES: 018, 075, 077, 100, 101, 103, 104

1.2 Uses and uses advised against

Use(s) CHEMICAL REAGENT • COMBUSTION AID • INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS

1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

Supplier name	BOC LIMITED (NEW ZEALAND)
Address	988 Great South Road, Penrose, Auckland, NEW ZEALAND
Telephone	+64 9 525 5600
Fax	+64 9 525 7889
Email	customer.servicenz@boc.com
Website	http://www.boc.co.nz

1.4 Emergency telephone number(s)

Emergency 0800 111 333 (NZ only)

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

DANGER

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCES [CLASSIFICATION] REGULATIONS 2001

HSNO classification(s)

5.1.2A	Oxidising substances that are gases.
Compressed gases	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

2.2 Label elements

Signal	word	
orginar	word	

Pictogram(s)



Hazard statement(s)

Г	12/0	
F	+280	

May cause or intensify fire; oxidizer. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

Prevention statement(s)

P103	Read label before use.
P220	Keep/Store away from clothing/incompatible materials/combustible materials.
P244	Keep reduction valves free from grease and oil.

Response statement(s)

P370 + P376

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so.

Storage statement(s)

P410 + P403 Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.

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Disposal statement(s)

None allocated.

2.3 Other hazards

No information provided.

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances / Mixtures

Ingredient	CAS Number	EC Number	Content (v/v)
OXYGEN	7782-44-7	231-956-9	>99.5%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye	Adverse effects not expected from this product.		
Inhalation	If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.		
Skin	Adverse effects not expected from this product.		
Ingestion	Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.		
First aid facilities	None allocated.		

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.

4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treatment for hyperoxia.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Use water fog to cool containers from protected area.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non flammable - oxidising agent. Supports combustion and may cause fire/explosion in contact with incompatible substances, strong acids, reducing agents, combustibles and flammables. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Temperatures in a fire may cause cylinders to rupture and internal pressure relief devices to be activated. Cool cylinders or containers exposed to fire by applying water from a protected location. Do not approach cylinders or containers suspected of being hot. Remove cool cylinders from the path of the fire if safe to do so. Ensure working area is well ventilated before re-use. Notify the manufacturer that you will be returning a faulty cylinder. Residual product will be disposed of when the cylinder is returned.

5.4 Hazchem code

- 2S
- 2 Fine Water Spray.
- S Risk of violent reaction or explosion. Wear full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

If the cylinder is leaking, evacuate area of personnel. Inform manufacturer/supplier of leak. Use Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in Section 8 of the SDS.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.

6.3 Methods of cleaning up

Carefully move material to a well ventilated remote area, then allow to discharge if safe to do so. Do not attempt to repair leaking valve or cylinder safety devices.



6.4 Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid inhalation. Do not drag, drop, slide or roll cylinders. The uncontrolled release of a gas under pressure may cause physical harm. Use a suitable hand truck for cylinder movement.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Do not store near sources of ignition or incompatible materials. Cylinders should be stored below 45°C in a secure area, upright and restrained to prevent cylinders from falling. Cylinders should also be stored in a dry, well ventilated area constructed of non-combustible material with firm level floor (preferably concrete), away from areas of heavy traffic and emergency exits.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

No information provided.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure standards

No exposure standards have been entered for this product.

Biological limits

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering controls No special precautions are normally required when handling this product.

PPE

Eye / Face	Wear safety glasses.
Hands	Wear leather gloves.
Body	Wear safety boots.
Respiratory	Not required under normal conditions of use.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	COLOURLESS GAS
Odour	ODOURLESS
Flammability	NON FLAMMABLE
Flash point	NOT RELEVANT
Boiling point	-183°C
Melting point	NOT AVAILABLE
Evaporation rate	NOT APPLICABLE
рН	NOT APPLICABLE
Vapour density	NOT AVAILABLE
Specific gravity	NOT APPLICABLE
Solubility (water)	0.032 cm ³ /cm ³
Vapour pressure	NOT AVAILABLE
Upper explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Lower explosion limit	NOT RELEVANT
Partition coefficient	NOT AVAILABLE
Autoignition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE
Decomposition temperature	NOT AVAILABLE



9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	NOT AVAILABLE
Explosive properties	NOT AVAILABLE
Oxidising properties	OXIDISING GAS
Odour threshold	NOT AVAILABLE
9.2 Other information	
% Volatiles	100 %
Critical temperature	-118.4°C

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Density

Unreactive under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Combustible materials such as oil and grease can spontaneously ignite at low temperatures in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Materials which burn in air, will burn more vigorously in oxygen enriched atmospheres. Metals can be ignited and will continue to burn in pure oxygen atmospheres under specific conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

This material will not decompose to form hazardous products other than that already present.

1141.1 kg/m³

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
Skin	Not classified as a skin irritant.
Eye	Not classified as an eye irritant.
Sensitisation	Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.
Mutagenicity	Not classified as a mutagen.
Carcinogenicity	Not classified as a carcinogen.
Reproductive	Not classified as a reproductive toxin.
STOT - single exposure	Not classified as causing organ damage from single exposure.
STOT - repeated exposure	Continuous inhalation of concentrations higher than 75% may cause nausea, dizziness, respiratory difficulty and convulsion.
Aspiration	Not classified as causing aspiration.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

No ecological damage caused by this product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

No information provided.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No information provided.

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12.4 Mobility in soil

No information provided.

12.5 Other adverse effects

No information provided.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste disposalCylinders should be returned to the manufacturer or supplier for disposal of contents.LegislationDispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD ACCORDING TO LAND TRANSPORT RULE: DANGEROUS GOODS 2005; NZS 5433:2012, UN, IMDG OR IATA



	LAND TRANSPORT (NZS 5433)	SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)	AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)
14.1 UN Number	1072	1072	1072
14.2 Proper Shipping Name	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED	OXYGEN, COMPRESSED
14.3 Transport hazard classes	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1	2.2, 5.1
14.4 Packing Group	None allocated.	None allocated.	None allocated.

14.5 Environmental hazards

No information provided.

14.6 Special precautions for user

Hazchem code	2S
EMS	F-C, S-W
Other information	Ensure cylinder is separated from driver and foodstuffs.

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and	l environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
Approval code	HSR001029
Group standard	Oxygen
Inventory listing(s)	NEW ZEALAND: NZIOC (New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals) All components are listed on the NZIOC inventory, or are exempt.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional information This product is used in the manufacturer of steel, glass, ethylene oxides, methanol, acrolein, titanium dioxide, vinyl acetate and synthesis gas. In combination with a fuel gas such as acetylene, hydrogen or LPG, it is used in welding, cutting, hardening, scarfing, fame cleaning and heating. Oxygen can be considered for use in any chemical reaction where air is used to give faster reaction time and higher yields. A typical use would be in the treatment of bulk refuse and effluent. High purity oxygen is used in laboratories, in process control operations and in metals analysis equipment.



APPLICATION METHOD: Gas regulator of suitable pressure and flow rating fitted to cylinder or manifold with low pressure gas distribution to equipment.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

Abbreviations	Α	b	b	re	vi	а	ti	ο	n	S
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Abbreviations	ACGIH	American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists				
	CAS #	Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds				
	CCID	Chemical Classification and Information Database (HSNO)				
	CNS	Central Nervous System				
	EC No.	EC No - European Community Number				
	EMS	Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)				
	EPA	Environmental Protection Authority [New Zealand]				
	GHS	Globally Harmonized System				
	HSNO	Hazardous Substances and New Organisms				
	IARC	International Agency for Research on Cancer				
	LC50	Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration				
	LD50	Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose				
	mg/m³	Milligrams per Cubic Metre				
	OEL	Occupational Exposure Limit				
	рН	relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline).				
	ppm	Parts Per Million				
	STEL	Short-Term Exposure Limit				
	STOT-RE	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)				
	STOT-SE	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)				
	TLV	Threshold Limit Value				
	TWA	Time Weighted Average				
Report status		nent has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the discrete serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').				
	manufactur the current at the time	d on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the rer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained in the manufacturer, importer or supplier.				
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